# EPA's Work in the Bristol Bay Watershed

Presentation for Office of Federal Activities
January 31, 2018

### Overview

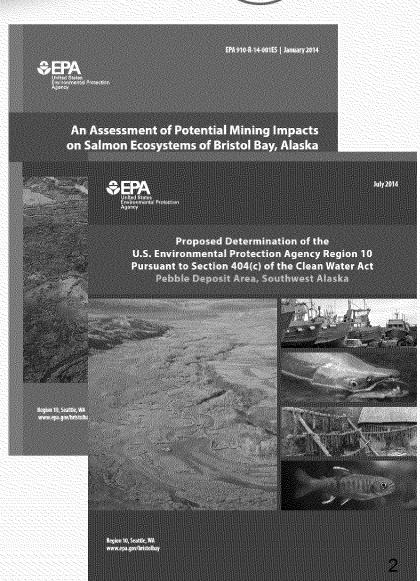


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 EPA's Involvement History

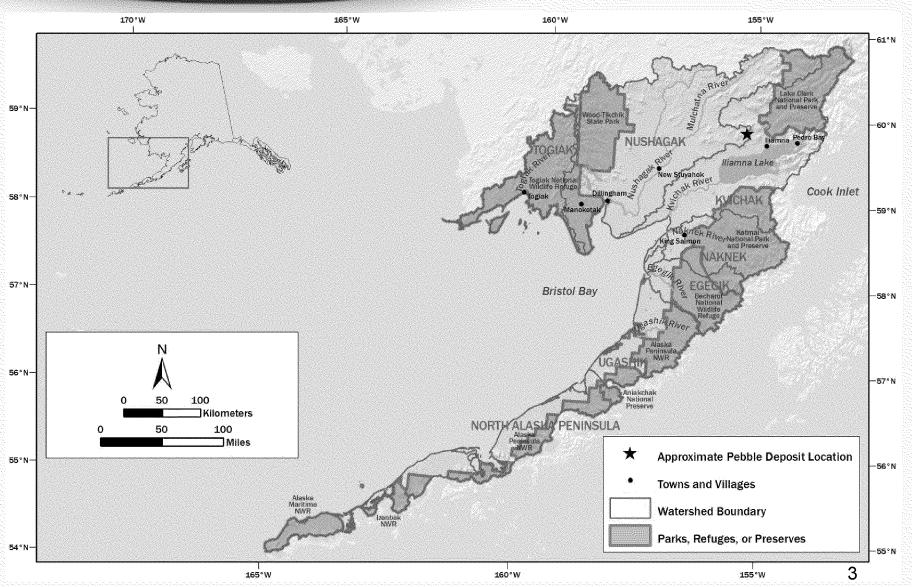
Science

- Section 404(c)
   Regulatory Response
- Section 404 Permitting and NEPA



## Bristol Bay Watershed

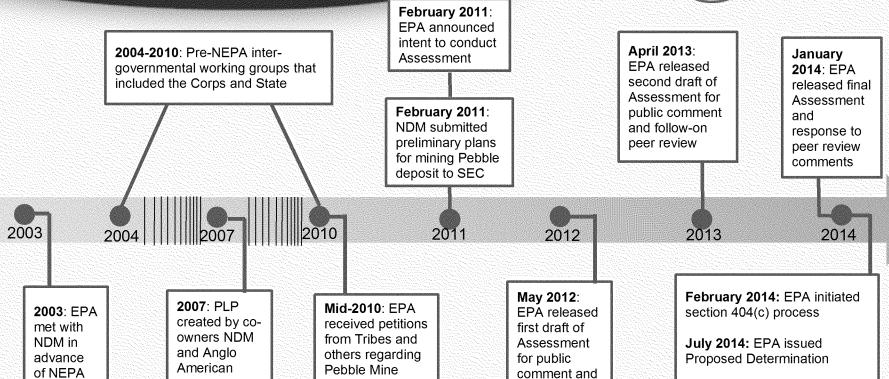




### Timeline 2003 - 2014



#### DRAFT



external peer

review

NDM = Northern Dynasty Minerals Ltd.

PLP = Pebble Limited Partnership

NEPA = National Environmental Policy Act

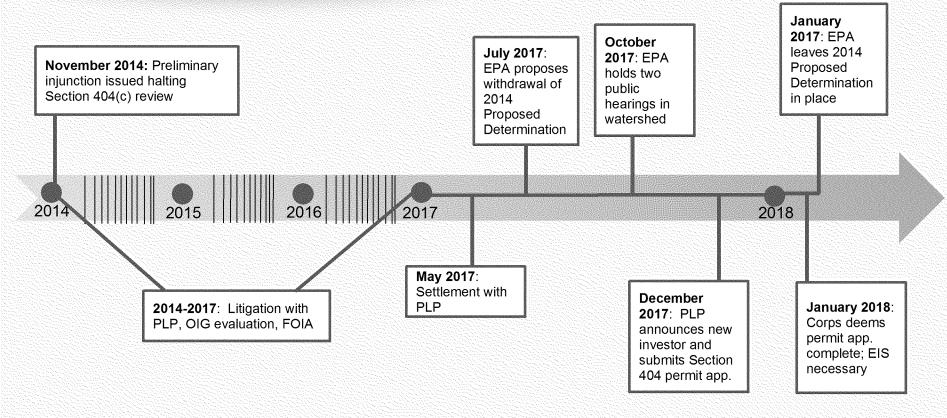
SEC = U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission

process

### Timeline 2014 - Present



#### DRAFT



OIG = EPA Office of Inspector General PLP = Pebble Limited Partnership Corps = U.S. Army Corps of Engineers EIS = Environmental Impact Statement

# **Bristol Bay Watershed** Assessment



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Purpose:

- Characterize the biological and mineral resources of the Bristol Bay watershed
- Increase understanding of the potential impacts of large-scale mining on the region's fish resources Inform future decision-making
- Scientific Ecological Risk Assessment evaluating potential impacts associated with:
  Large-scale mine construction and operation
  Accidents and failures
- Three-year scientific assessment effort
- Independent external peer review
  Stakeholder and public engagement

   8 public meetings

   2 rounds of public comment over 1.1 million comment Tribal consultations



# Bristol Bay Watershed Resources



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#### Biological Resources:

- Bristol Bay produces almost half of world's sockeye salmon
- Kvichak watershed world's largest producer of sockeye salmon
- Nushagak watershed frequently at or near world's largest producer of Chinook salmon

#### Biological Resources Support:

- 14,000 jobs, generates \$480 million annually in direct economic expenditures and sales
  - Salmon fishery valued at \$1.5 billion annually
- 4,000-year-old subsistence fishery for Alaska Natives

#### Geological Resources:

- At least 10 claims with more than minimal exploration, including Pebble.
- Pebble deposit: low-grade, with copper, gold, and molybdenum
- According to NDM, Pebble could:
  - Be largest mine of its type in North America
  - Produce 3,000 jobs in AK
  - Contribute \$2.7 billion to US GDP annually
- Economics of mining the Pebble deposit are speculative
- Since 2001, four major mining companies have walked away from Pebble project

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# Bristol Bay Watershed Assessment



- Mining scenarios informed by NDM plans submitted to U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) in 2011
- Uses 3 potential stages of mine development at Pebble deposit

0.25-billion-ton mine (worldwide median size porphyry copper deposit)

 2.0-billion-ton mine (smallest mine size proposed by NDM to SEC)

- 6.5-billion-toń mine (largest mine size proposed by NDM to SEC)
- NDM says deposit is nearly 12 billion tons

# Bristol Bay Watershed Assessment



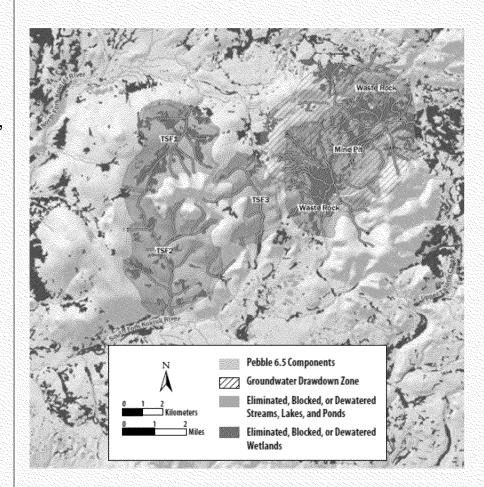
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#### Mine Footprint Impacts:

- 24-94 miles of salmon-supporting streams destroyed
- 1,300-5,350 acres of wetlands, ponds, lakes destroyed
- 9-33 miles of salmon-supporting streams with altered streamflow likely to affect ecosystem structure and function

#### Other Impacts:

- Tailings dams need maintenance in perpetuity
- Routine operations and accidents would increase impacts on salmon habitat quality, both at the mining site and along the 86-mile transportation corridor



### Clean Water Act Section 404



- §404(a) authorizes the Secretary of the Army to issue permits
  - For the discharge of dredged or fill material into waters of the U.S. at specified disposal sites
- §404(b) directs the Secretary of the Army to apply environmental criteria developed by EPA when specifying disposal sites
  - §404(b)(1) Guidelines [40 CFR Part 230]
- §404(c) authorizes EPA to prohibit, deny or restrict (withdraw) the placement of dredged or fill material at defined sites in waters of the U.S.

# Limits of Section 404(c)



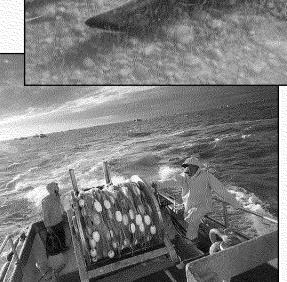
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 Whenever it determines, after notice and opportunity for public hearing, that the discharge of such materials into such area will have an unacceptable

adverse effect(s) on:

- Municipal water supplies; or
- Shellfish beds and fishery areas; or
- Wildlife; or
- Recreation areas.





## Pebble Deposit 404(c) Process



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Step Step Step

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### What Are the Proposed Restrictions?



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Restrict the discharge of dredged or fill material related to mining the Pebble deposit into waters of the U.S. that would, individually or collectively, result in the following:

- 1. Loss of Streams.
  - a. The loss of 5 or more linear miles of streams with documented anadromous fish occurrence; **or**
  - The loss of 19 or more linear miles of streams where anadromous fish are not currently documented, but that are tributaries of streams with documented anadromous fish occurrence; or
- 2. **Loss of Wetlands, Lakes, and Ponds.** The loss of 1,100 or more acres of wetlands, lakes, and ponds contiguous with either streams with documented anadromous fish occurrence or tributaries of those streams; **or**
- 3. **Streamflow Alterations.** Streamflow alterations greater than 20% of daily flow in 9 or more linear miles of streams with documented anadromous fish occurrence

# Response to Section 404(c) Proceeding



- Office of Inspector General (OIG) Review
  - 17-month in-depth evaluation found no evidence of bias or a pre-determined outcome
  - Possible misuse of position for retired Region 10 employee noted
- PLP broad Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) requests
  - Approximately 18,000 documents produced
- PLP filed three lawsuits in 2014
  - Administrative Procedure Act (APA) challenge to initiation of 404(c) process
  - FOIA litigation
  - Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA) litigation
- May 2017 settlement agreement
  - Resolved FOIA and FACA litigation and PLP's outstanding FOIA requests

## Settlement Agreement

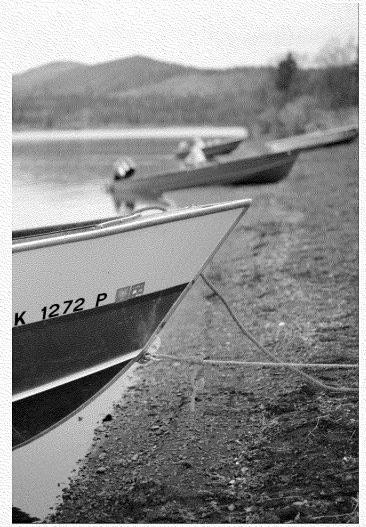


- Key terms of the May 11, 2017 settlement agreement between PLP and EPA:
  - EPA may use its Bristol Bay Watershed Assessment without limitation
  - EPA agrees to initiate a process to propose to withdraw its 2014 Proposed Determination by July 11, 2017
  - EPA agrees not to forward a Recommended Determination (the next step in the 404(c) review process) to EPA HQ until a Final EIS is noticed for the project or May 11, 2021, whichever is earlier
  - PLP drops remaining lawsuits and fee requests against EPA and agrees to file no new FOIA requests during the 2.5to 4-year hiatus period

# Proposal to Withdraw 2014 Proposed Determination



- July 2017: Withdrawal proposed based on policy rationale
  - EPA did not solicit comment on the proposed restrictions or on science or technical information underlying the Proposed Determination
- Outreach and Consultation
  - Proposal generated >1 million comments (~99% opposed)
  - 2 public hearings in watershed
  - Tribal and ANCSA Consultation
    - 16 tribal governments and 1 ANCSA Regional Corp. opposed
    - 1 tribal government and 2 ANCSA Village Corps. supported



### Section 404(c) Next Steps





- EPA decided not to withdraw and suspended Section 404(c) process pending further review
- Settlement agreement obligations
  - EPA can issue a new/modified Proposed Determination at any time
  - EPA Region 10 cannot forward a Recommended Determination to EPA HQ until May of 2021 or until a final EIS is noticed, whichever comes first



# 2017 DA Permit Application



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- PLP filed Department of Army (DA) permit application in December 2017
- DA Application includes CWA 404 and RHA Section
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- Corps deemed application sufficient to begin NEPA
- DA permit application includes Project Description: mine, power supply, transportation



Pebble deposit area

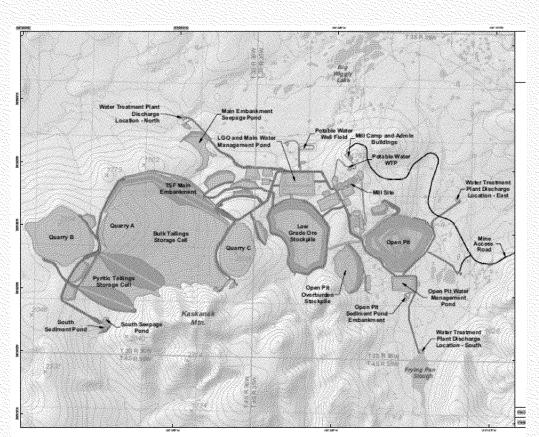
# DA Application Project Description



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#### **Mine Site**

- 1 billion tons of ore mined over 20 years
- 160,000 tons/day of ore processed to produce:
  - Copper concentrate
  - Molybdenum concentrate
  - Gold via gravity separation
- Open pit mine, ore storage pile, 2 tailings impoundments
- 2 water treatment plants and 3 discharge outfalls
- Closure
  - Dry closure of tailings
  - Long-term water treatment



# DA Application Project Description

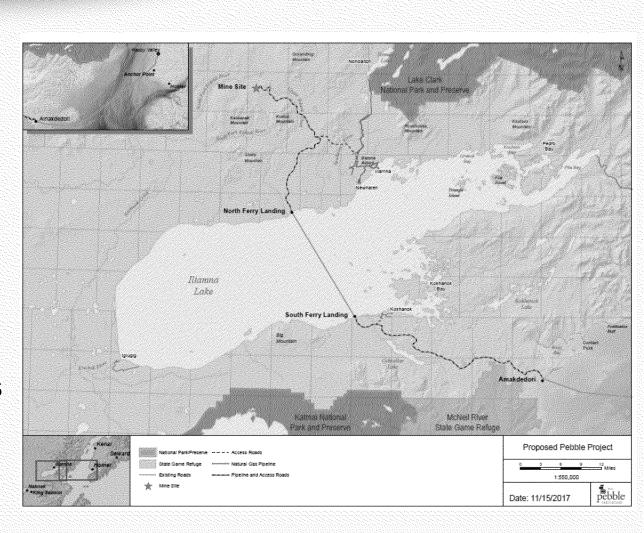


#### **Power**

- 230 MW power plant at mine site
- 188 mile natural gas pipeline

#### **Transportation**

- 65 miles of roads
- Ferry across
   Lake Illiamna
- Cook Inlet port site



## DA Application Project Description



- Project description represents a mine that is:

   smaller than included in Northern Dynasty's 2011 Preliminary Assessment

   larger than the BBWA 0.25 billion ton mine scenario basis for the 2014 **Proposed Determination**

2014 Proposed Determinations		
Loss of 5 or mo	ore miles of streams with anadromous fish; or	
Loss of 19 or m	ore miles of streams that are tributaries of anadromous	
	more acres of wetlands, lakes and ponds contiguous tributaries to streams that have anadromous fish; or	
Stream flow altowith anadromou	eration > 20% of daily flow in 9 or more miles of streams us fish	

2017 DA Application			
component	wetlands filled		
Mine site	3190		
Transportation (roads, ferry terminals, port)	480		
Pipeline	408		
TOTAL	4078		

- Project description includes aspects different than the PA and BBWA mine scenarios
  - Less waste rock mined
  - No cyanide leaching

  - Liners (pyritic tailings and low grade ore stockpile)
    Advanced water treatment and "Physical Habitat Simulation System" to mitigate dewatering
  - Compensatory mitigation TBD
- Project description could evolve during EIS and 404 review

## Initial Corps Process



- Corps issued Public Notice of applicationinformational, no comments requested
- Corps invited EPA to be EIS cooperating agency
   Currently proposing to limit EPA's involvement to Section 404(b)(1) issues
  - Framéwork for coordination is atypical
  - EPA requested higher-level meeting to discuss
- Corps proposed schedule
  - Notice of Intent/EIS scoping in spring 2018
    Final EIS by end of 2020

  - DA Application (CWA 404) public notice with Draft or Final FIS
  - FAST-41 considerations

## Potential NEPA Cooperating Agencies



- Federal
  - DOT Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (TBD)
  - US Coast Guard
  - DOI Bureau of Safety and Environmental EnforcementUS Fish and Wildlife Service

  - National Marine Fisheries Service
- State
  - Alaska Department of Natural Resources Office of Project Management and Permitting coordinates state agencies (ADNR, ADEC, ADFG, SHPO)
- **Local Governments** 
  - Lake & Peninsula Borough & Kenai Peninsula Borough
- **Tribes** 
  - Corps sent consultation letters to 35 tribal governments
  - Corps has not yet solicited tribes interest in participating as cooperating agency

### **EPA Role**



- EPA has developed a cross-programmatic, multidisciplined team to respond
- EPA Role
  - NEPA
    - Potentially a cooperating agency
      CAA 309 review of the Draft EIS
  - Clean Water Act

    - CWA 404 permit application & 404(b)(1) review
      Oversight of State CWA 402 Alaska Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit
  - Clean Air Act
    - Oversight of State Air Quality Permit
- Next Steps
  - Resolve cooperating agency status
  - EIS scoping

# Questions





Upper Talarik Creek, one of three streams flowing from the Pebble deposit site